Anglo-Saxon Art
A New History

Leslie Webster

The seven centuries of the Anglo-Saxon period in England (roughly AD 400-1100) were a time of extraordinary and profound transformation in almost every aspect of its culture, producing an explosion of artistic creativity. Settled by northern European tribal groupings of pagan and illiterate warriors and farmers in the 5th century, by the eleventh century England had acquired all the trappings of medieval statehood, including a remarkable and highly influential artistic heritage, which had impact far beyond England itself.

Key Sales points

- From the jewellery discovered on the great ship burial at Sutton Hoo to the Bayeux Tapestry, Anglo-Saxon art represents a unique high point of medieval creativity
- An authoritative reference book that traces the changing nature of art throughout the extraordinary Anglo-Saxon period. Explores the significance of art to Anglo-Saxon culture, and the various ways it both reflected and influenced the world in which it was created
- First new introduction to the subject for twenty-five years, particularly timely in the wake of the discovery of the Staffordshire Hoard
- Reveals the character, leitmotifs and underlying continuities of Anglo-Saxon art, through a wealth of stunning illustrations
- Offers a comprehensive introduction to the whole field of Anglo-Saxon culture, including art, history, literature and archaeology

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Leslie Webster was formerly Keeper of the Department of Prehistory and Europe at the British Museum. She is the author of The Franks Casket (British Museum Press, forthcoming) and co-editor of The Transformation of the Roman World, The Making of England and The Golden Age of Anglo-Saxon Art.

All information is provisional and subject to change
Anglo-Saxon art and architecture now only survives fragmentarily and even what remains is not necessarily representative of what once existed. Our view of architecture, for example, is distorted by the near-total loss of all wooden buildings and by the Norman destruction of all pre-Conquest cathedrals. Anglo-Saxon art went through many changes between the 5th and 11th centuries, but puzzles and storytelling remained central. The early art style of the Anglo-Saxon period is known as Style I and was popular in the late 5th and 6th centuries. It is characterised by what seems to be a dizzying jumble of animal limbs and face masks, which has led some scholars to describe the style as an “animal salad”.

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