“RTI approaches can benefit all students by providing timely support in the classroom as identified. If employed appropriately and carefully in a culturally and linguistically responsive manner, RTI can also introduce high-quality instruction into general education classrooms across the grades” (Hamayan, Marler, Sanchez-Lopez, & Damico, 2013, p. 69).

In their book *Special Education Considerations for English Language Learners: Delivering a Continuum of Services*, Hamayan, Marler, Sanchez-Lopez, and Damico offer Response to Intervention (RTI) as a comprehensive framework for providing effective academic support for English language learners (ELLs), while establishing the use of innovative methods for gathering data on students within contextualized environments. This book guides educators in how to establish appropriate scientific, evidence-based interventions, progress monitoring, and ongoing assessment for instruction.

The effectiveness of this book is evident in how it transcends the dialogue of disproportionality as it applies to culturally and linguistically diverse students in special education programs and the complexities teachers face in determining if ELLs have disabilities or evidence typical characteristics inherent in language acquisition. Concomitantly, the authors facilitate a comprehensive approach to equitable education by addressing students’ individual academic and behavioral needs within an RTI framework that blends evidence-based practices in special education and English language learning. Considerable focus is given to the cultural impact on literacy and language development of all students, and RTI is presented within the theoretical tenets of native language instruction.

As a teacher educator for nearly 20 years, I recommend this book as an informative resource for TESOL (Teaching English to Speakers of Other Languages) and TESE (Teacher Education Special Education) programs at undergraduate and graduate levels, particularly for higher education institutions engaged in dual certification philosophies and practices. The book is practical in that readers learn to deliver research-based, culturally responsive interventions appropriate for all learners, and yet theoretical in its critical analyses of disparate school structures.
The organization of the book allows the reader to easily understand the RTI framework for meeting the needs of English language Learners. The book is organized into twelve chapters: A Framework for Considering the Special Education Needs of English Language Learners, A Collaborative Model of Information Gathering and Service Provision, Describing Before Diagnosing, Delivering a Continuum of Services, The Learning Environment Created for ELLs, Personal and Family Factors, Physical and Psychological Factors, Previous Schooling Factors, Oral Language and Literacy, Academic Achievement, Cross-cultural Factors, and Putting It All Together: How Do We Know That What We Are Doing Works? Each chapter provides several defining sections that are encompassed within the RTI continuum of services, and typically include key concepts, suggestions for systematic interventions, suggestions for specific interventions, Chronicles, and questions for study groups.

The end-of-chapter questions are designed to be used as a catalyst for collaborative team-based decisions on RTI—namely, collecting and analyzing student data, developing interventions, and monitoring progress of those interventions. In fact, the authors provide steps for developing multidisciplinary teams, which they define as ECOS (ensuring a continuum of services) and hold expertise in general education, special education, and English for speakers of other languages (ESOL). Furthermore, the book includes Chronicles sections that provide lived experiences shared by professionals who are engaged in key decision-making concepts and activities identified within the book; these stories serve as practical examples of professional learning communities meaningfully engaged in RTI. The book concludes with appendices that include samples of instructional templates and assessment rubrics, as well as a glossary of terminology, an extensive bibliography, and an index.

Special Education Considerations for English Language Learners: Delivering a Continuum of Services offers a much-needed resource to the field of teacher education, particularly where there are limited materials that emphasize the evidenced-based intersections between English language learners and students with disabilities. While I wish the book had given a great deal more attention to delineating the multi-layered tiers within RTI, I recommend the overall effectiveness of this book and how it informs teachers in delivering a continuum of services.

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English language learners are students in provincially funded English language schools whose first language is a language other than English, or is a variety of English that is significantly different from the variety used for instruction in Ontario’s schools, and who may require focused educational supports to assist them in attaining proficiency in English. Special Education Considerations for English Language Learners: Delivering a Continuum of Services. Consultation with parents and other school staff including, a framework for assessing and monitoring English language learners language acquisition and literacy development across the Ontario curriculum. Sequencing issue. 2007. Read instantly in your browser. Special Education Considerations for English Language Learners: Delivering a Continuum of Services 2nd Edition. by Else Hamayan (Author), Barbara Marler (Author), Jack Damico (Author) & 0 more. 4.7 out of 5 stars 7 customer reviews. ISBN-13: 978-1934000113. ISBN-10: 9781934000113. Why is ISBN important? ISBN. What other items do customers buy after viewing this item? English Language Learners: Differentiating Between Language Acquisition and Learning DisabilitiesPerfect Paperback. Janette Klingner and Amy Eppollito. 5.0 out of 5 stars 3. $34.95. Case Studies of Minority Student Placement in Special EducationPaperback. Beth Harry. 4.5 out of 5 stars 9. English language learners are a diverse group of students, and all educators should attend to the complexities of difference in the cultural, linguistic, and socio-economic backgrounds of their students. The National Clearinghouse for English Language Acquisition and Language Instruction Educational Programs (NCELA) is funded by the U.S. Department of Education’s Office of English Language Acquisition, Language Enhancement and Academic Achievement for Limited English Proficient Students (OELA) and is operated under contract No. Special education considerations for English language learners: Delivering a continuum of services. Philadelphia, PA: Caslon Publishing.
Special Education Considerations for English Language Learners by Else Hamayan, 9781934000113, available at Book Depository with free delivery worldwide. Publisher Caslon Publishing. Publication City/Country Philadelphia, United States. Language English. Edition Statement 2nd ed. Illustrations note Figures; Tables, black and white; Line drawings, black and white. Educating Students with Mild Disabilities provides a comprehensive and engaging overview of characteristics, assessment and current issues related to the education of students with high incidence disabilities. Separate chapters detail well researched and up to date information on learning disabilities, behavioral disorders, mild mental retardation as well as other high incidence disabilities within applied educational settings. Special Education Considerations for English Language Learners: Delivering a Continuum of Services.